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(U) CHINA: POSSIBLE RENEWED USSR MAJOR PROJECT ASSISTANCE INCLUDING RENOVATION OF 1950s SOVIET-BUILT FACTORIES

Summary

As part of the expanding China-USSR economic relationship, the two sides reportedly are considering Soviet assistance in renovating as many as 17 factories--probably from among those built with Soviet assistance during the 1950s--and constructing as many as seven new projects. Among the latter would be a metallurgical project, an open-pit coal mine in northeast China, and three thermal electric generating plants. Discussions have included references to nuclear-powered electric generation. Preliminary Soviet technical assistance reportedly already has been extended on an open-pit coal mine in northeast China. If these projects get underway, they would represent the first Soviet project assistance to China since the Soviets withdrew their advisers in summer 1960 in the wake of worsening relations.

The possibility that the Soviets might help renovate some of the original projects raises questions about where the Soviet-built facilities are located and in what economic sectors. No list of the original projects is available, as far as can be determined, and Chinese and Soviet sources conflict. A list of more than 100 factories, either known or believed to be among the 156 projects constructed during the 1950s, has been compiled based on information from a variety of sources (see appended tables).

The Original 156

The Soviet Government in 1953 pledged to aid in the construction or reconstruction of 141 major

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enterprises, including 50 items agreed to between 1949 and 1952. The number of projects was increased to 156 in october 1954. The Soviet-built or reconstructed plants constituted the backbone of Chinese industry.

Increases in Pledged Projects

Over the next few years the number of projects was readjusted several times. By late 1957, the parties had agreed on 211 items of cooperation. In August 1958, Moscow pledged support for another 47 items. With the new agreement for the extension of Soviet assistance in February 1959, the USSR agreed to help China construct 78 additional giant industrial facilities, raising the total number of pledged projects to 291 for the 1949-67 period.

The nature of Soviet aid was more comprehensive and systematic for the 156 plants of the 1949-59 period, and many of the additional facilities were left uncompleted when the Soviets pulled out their advisers and removed their blueprints in 1960. Consequently, the appended tables count only those plants known or thought to be among the original 156.

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(LOU) Table 1

Factories Possibly Among the 156 Soviet-Built Plants, 1949-59, by Sector

Number		Number of Soviet Technicians Sent to the Plant	Number of Chinese From the Plant Sent to the USSR To Train
7	Iron and Steel Anshan (Liaoning) Wuhan (Hubei) Maanshan (Anhui) Baotou (Inner Mongolia)	300+ 100+ 40 na	na na na na
14	Shijingshan (Beijing) Nonferrous metallurgy Gejiu (Yunnan) tin	na 100	na na
	Anyang (Henan) tungsten Fushun (Liaoning) aluminum Harbin (Heilongjiang) rolled aluminum	na na na	na na na
	Shenyang (Liaoning) smelter Xiangtan (Hunan) manganese* Xiguangshan (Hunan) antimon Baiyinchang (Gansu) copper*	y*	
	Dadun (Yunnan) tin* Dongguan (Anhui) copper* Dabaoshan (Sichuan) copper* Shouwangfen (Rehe) copper*	 	
24	Electric power stations Fengman (Jilin) (hydro) (1) Harbin (thermal) Fuxun No. 2* Fuxin* (Liaoning) Dalian No. 2*	40-45 na 	na 22
	Baotou* Tongzhou (Hebei)* Tianjin* Taiyuan* (Shanxi)	 	
	Zhengzhou* (Henan) Zhuzhou* (Hebei) Daye* (Hubei) Xian* (Shaanxi)	 	
	Dihua (Xinjiang)* Lanzhou* (Gansu)		

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** ***Table 1 (cont bd)

Number	Sec	tor/Plant	Number of Soviet Technicians Sent to the Plant	Number of Chinese From the Plant Sent to the USSR To Train
63	Machine: Of wh	ry ich: civilian - about	t 32, including:	•
	4	Machine tools Shenyang No. 1 Wuhan heavy machine Shanghai machine to Qiqihar No. 1 (Heilongjiang)		16 83 na na
	1	Tools Harbin measuring ar cutting tool	nd na	na
	3	Heavy machinery Taiyuan heavy machi Fulaerji (?) heavy machinery Luoyang (Henan) mining machinery	na na	na na na
	2	Ball bearings Luoyang # Harbin	na na	na na
	4	Radio and electronics Southwest radio app Chengdu (Sichuan) r Beijing electronic Beijing wired com- munication equipm	pliance na cadio na tube 200 na	na na na na
	1	Automobiles Changchun (Jilin)	several hundred	500
	1	Tractor Luoyang #	hundreds	173
	4	Power equipment Harbin steam turbin	ne na	na

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Table 1 (cont'd)

Number	<u>Se</u>	ector/Plant	Number of Sovie Technicians Ser to the Plant	nt Sent to the USSR To Train
		Power equipment (cont	'4)	***
		Harbin boiler	na	N. 3
		Wuhan boiler	na	na na
		Harbin power equipm		na na
				ii a
	6	Electrical machinery		
		Harbin electric met and instruments	er na	· na
		Shenyang cable and wireless	29	na
		Shenyang transforme	r @30	na
		Xian switch and rec		na
		Xian voltage equipm	ent na	na
		Xian high-voltage ceramics	na	na
	2	Petroleum and chemica	1 equipment	
	_	Lanzhou petroleum		•
		equipment	na	na
		Lanzhou petroleum a chemical equipmen		na
	2	Chimbuil <i>a</i> i		
	2			
		Wuchang (Hubei) Dalian	na	na
		Dallan	na	na
	1	Textile machinery		
	•	Tuzu Jingwei (?)	n n	
		textile machinery	na	na
		condition machinery		
	1	General machinery		
		Shenyang pneumatic	ool na	n =
				na
C		nich: military - about	31, possibly i	ncluding plants in:
		aroin		
		nangchun		
		nenyang		
		ıda (Dalian)		==
		eilongjiang	~-	
		liyvar	~~	
	'ı'ā	niyuan aeronautical plan	it	

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Table 1 (cont'd)

Number	Sector/Plant	Number of Soviet Technicians Sent to the Plant	Number of Chinese From the Plant Sent to the USSR To Train
	Military (cont'd) Jinyuan (Shanxi) chemica ordnance plant		,
	Hanyang (Hubei)		
	Chengi (Hunan)		
	Nanjing (Jiangsu)		
	Shuimokou (Xinjiang)		
	Chongging (Sichuan)	~- .	
	Chengdu		
27			
27	Coalmining	70	
	Huainan (Anhui)	70	na
	Haizhou mine, Fuxin	na	na
	Jiamusi (Heilongjiang)	na	na
	Fengfeng (Hebei)	na	na
	Xian	na	na
	Jixi (Heilongjiang)	na	na
	Fuxun	na	na
	Dongshan, Hekang (Heilongji		na
	Zhongyang, Liaoyuan (Jilin)	na	na
	Fuxin*	~	
	Tunghua* (Jilin)		
	Kailan* (Henan?)		
	Datong* (Shanxi)		
	Jiaozuo (Henan)*	~-	
	Tongjeng (Shaanxi)*	₩ ₩	
•			
2	Petroleum		
	Xinjiang oil fields	500	na
	Lanzhou refinery	90	130
5	Chemicals		
J		9.35	
	Carbide plant (Jilin)	035	na
	Dye plant (Jilin)	e35	na
	Ammonia plant (Jilin)	@ 35	na
	Nitrogen fertilizer (Taiyuan)	na	na
	Nitrogen fertilizer	na	na
	(Jilin)	1.4	114
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

² Drugs and pharmaceuticals

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Table 1 (cont'd)

		Number of Soviet	Number of Chinese From the Plant
M		Technicians Sent	Sent to the
Number	Sector/Plant	to the Plant	USSR To Train
1	Paper		•
	Jiamusi paper mill	na	na
1	Textiles		
	Harbin flax mill*		
1	Water conservation		•
	Sanmenxia dam (Yangzi)		
1	State farms		
	Friendship farm, Heilongjiang	54	na
5	Transportation and Communic	ations	
	Changchun railway network	1,500	na
	Yangzi bridge at Wuhan	24	na
3	Other		
	Baoding (Hebei) photograp		na
	assistance) Lanzhou synthetic rubber*		
156	Total 64 identified 43 possible 49 unidentified		

Notes: * Indicates that the plant was possibly among the 156.

The three Luoyang plants were part of one complex.

Cheng Chu-yuan, Economic Relations Between Peking and Moscow, 1949-63. New York: Praeger, 1964, p. 28; Cheng Chu-yuan, The Machine Building Industry in Communist China. Chicago: Aldine Press, 1971; Wu Yuan-li, An Economic Survey of Communist China. New York: Bookman Associates, 1956; First Five-Year Plan for Development of the National Economy of the Pecple's Republic of China, 1953-57. Peking Forgign Languages Press: 1956.

(U) Table 2

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Percentage of Equipment and Machinery Supplied by Soylets, 1949-59

	Percent
Machine tool lathes	78
Deisel machinery	91
Boring machinery	85
Automobiles	92
Locomotives	100
Instruments	75
Petroleum equipment	97
Ferrous metal machinery	57

Source: Cheng, Economic Relations, p. 30. Note: The source does not make clear exactly what these percentages represent. Presumably they are the percentage of Chinese imports provided by the USSR.